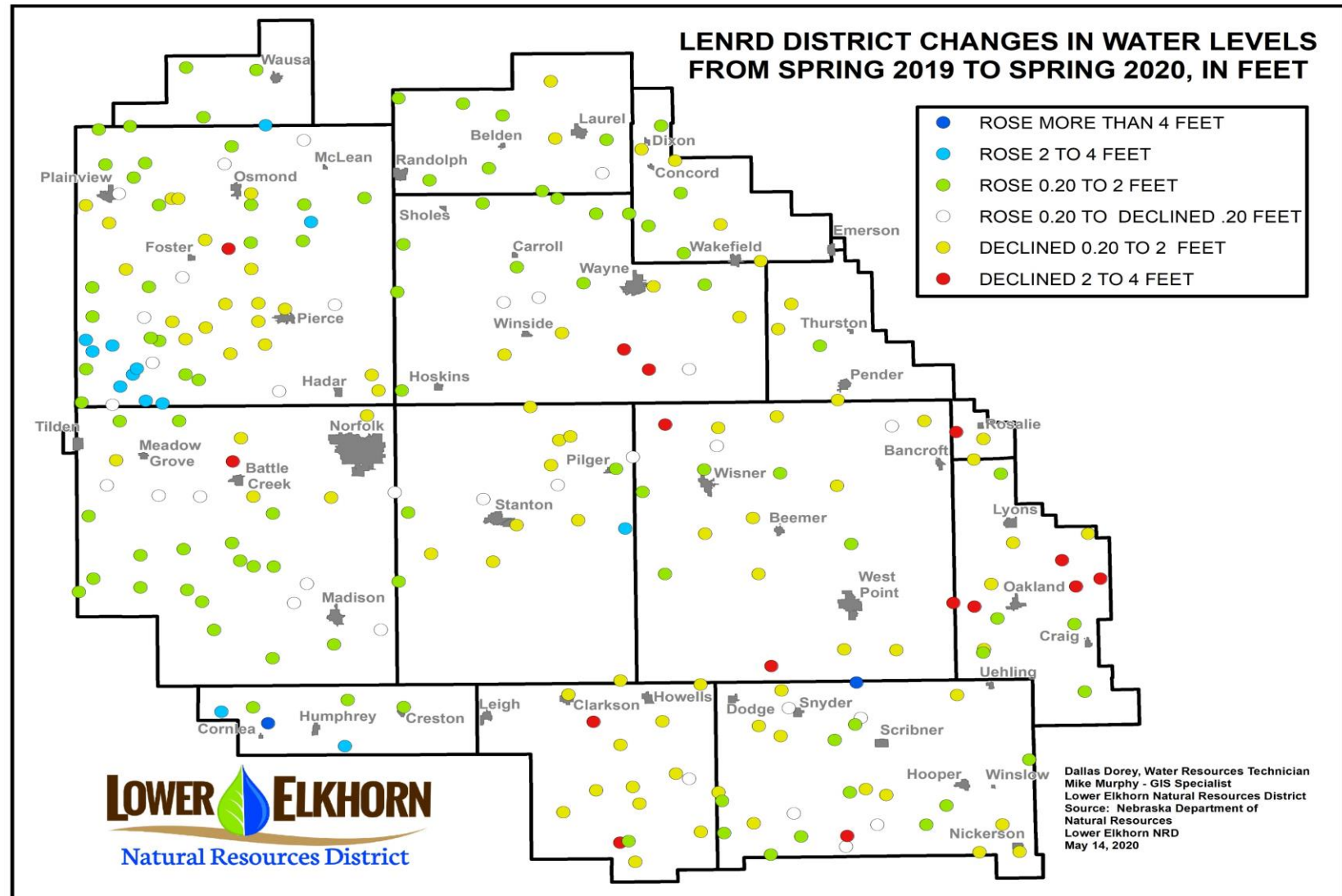


# 2020 LENRD SPRING STATIC WATER LEVELS

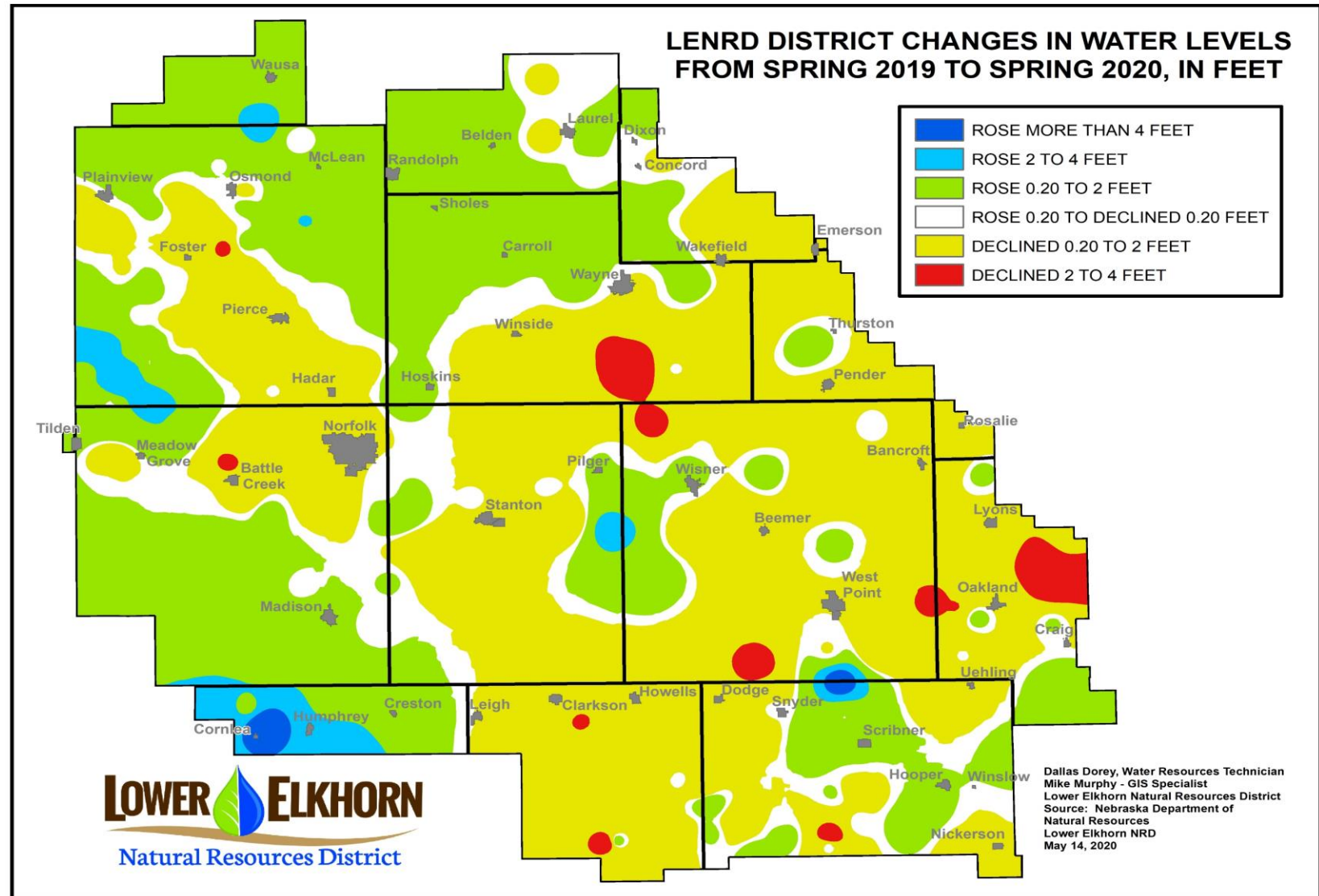
- 236 Wells measured throughout the District
- Measurements done from March 18 through April 10
- HUGE thanks to Josh and Todd for assisting, and Mike Murphy for his GIS work!!



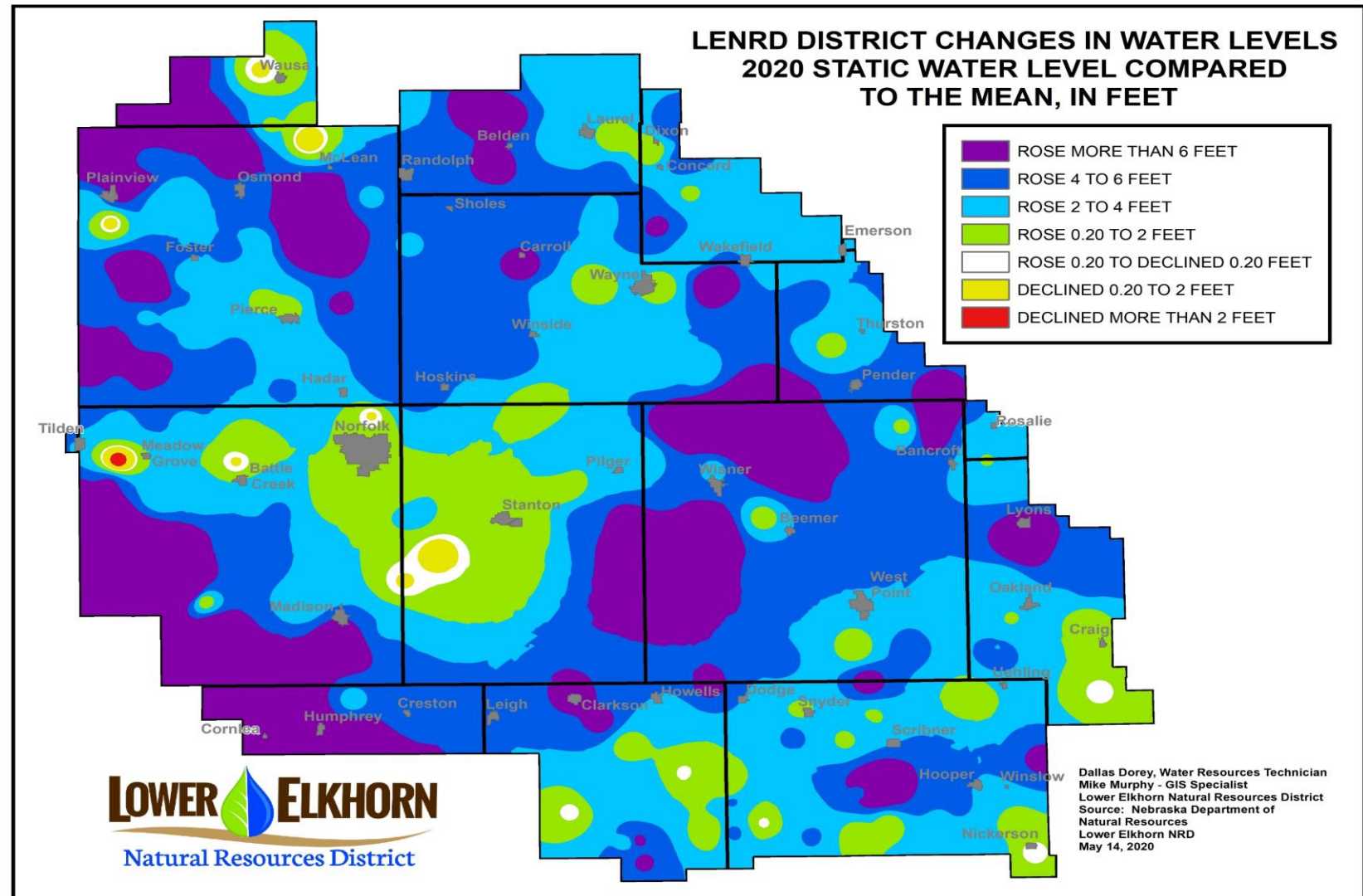
# 2020 LENRD SPRING STATIC WATER LEVELS



# 2020 LENRD SPRING STATIC WATER LEVELS



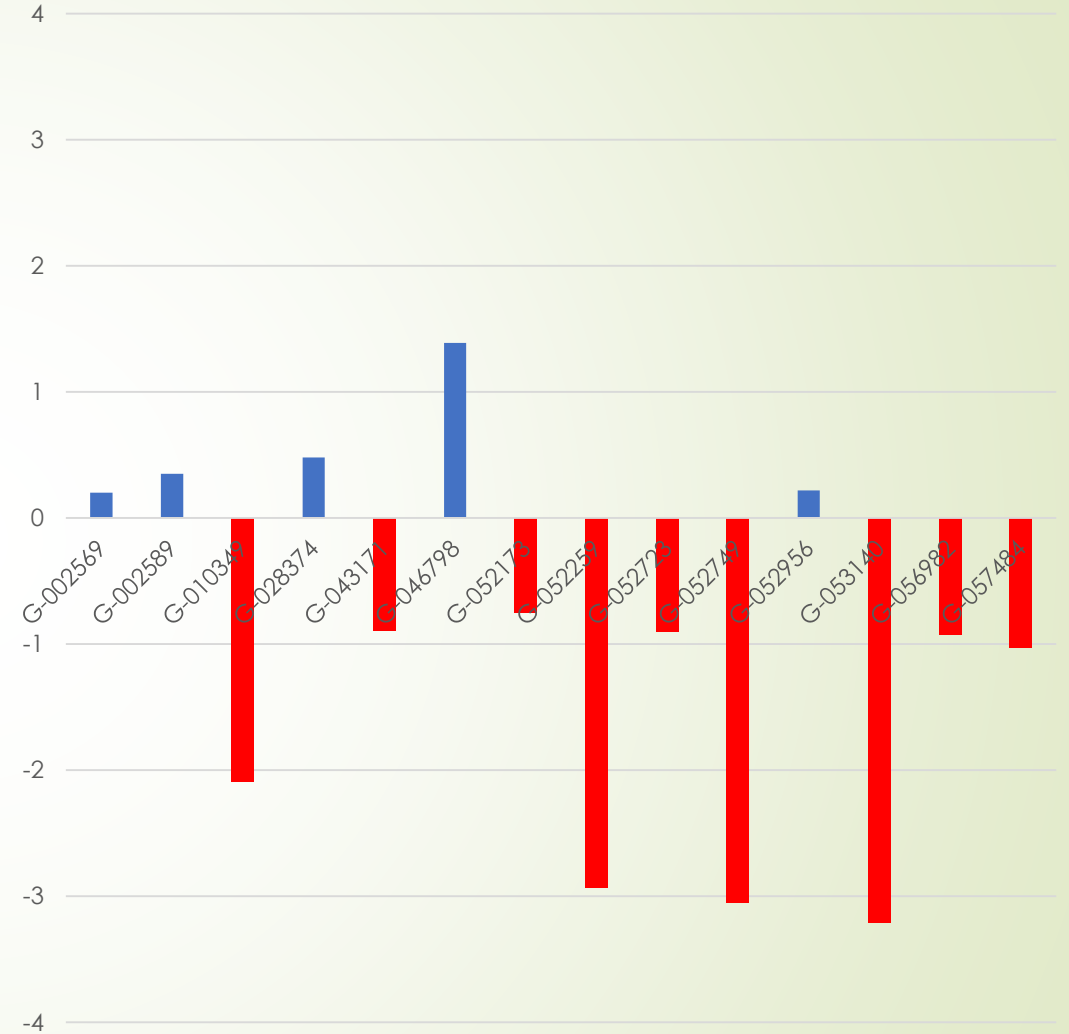
# 2020 LENRD SPRING STATIC WATER LEVELS



## BURT COUNTY

- 14 wells measured
- Water levels **decreased** an average of 0.94' from 2019 readings
- 64% of wells **declined**
- 36% of wells **increased**
- From late July through mid-September much/all of the county was in a D0 drought
- On average, wells were 3.62' **above** the historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



## CEDAR COUNTY

-10 Wells measured

-Water levels **increased** an average of 0.53'

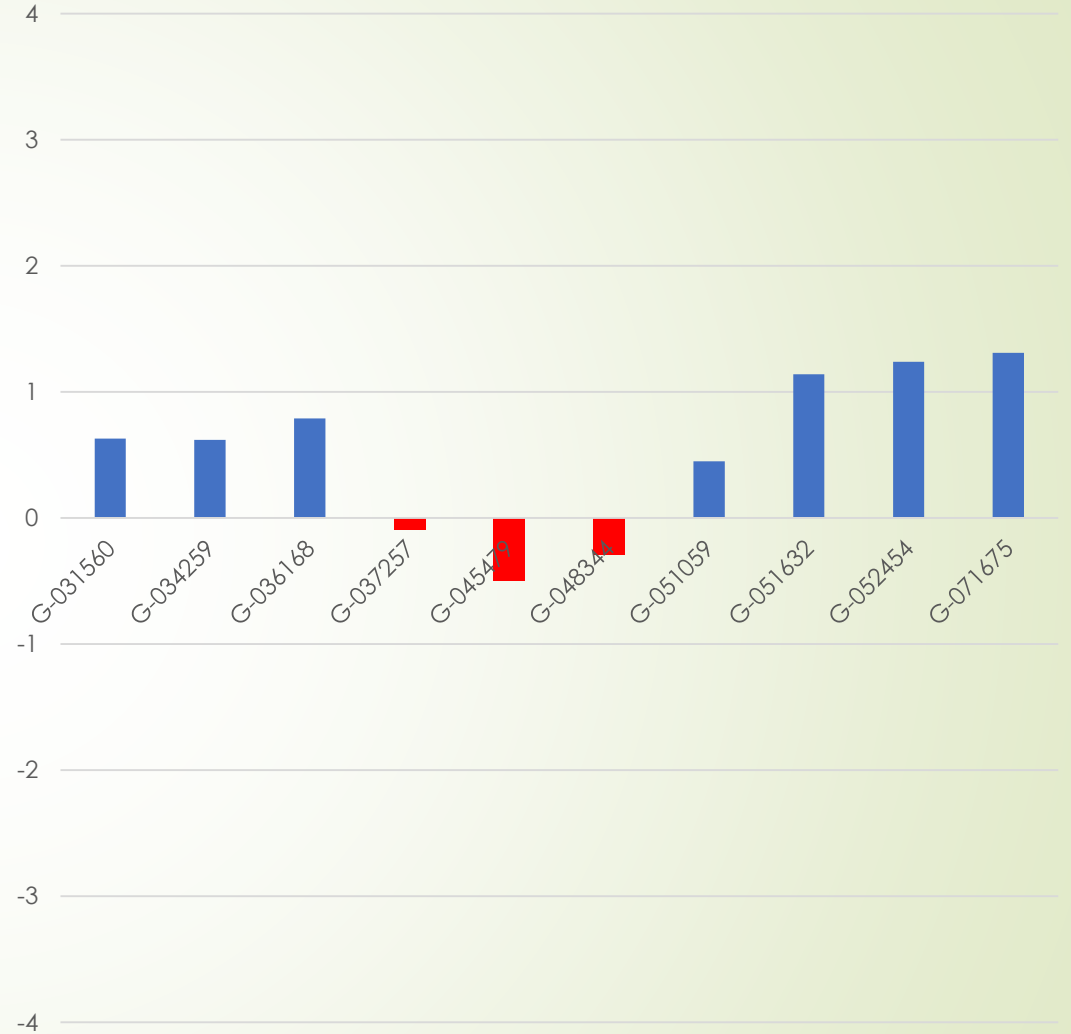
-30% of wells **declined**

-70% of wells **increased**

-6 wells recorded an all time high reading

-On average, wells were 4.39' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



## COLFAX COUNTY

- 15 Wells measured
- Water levels **decreased** an average of 0.83'
- 87% of wells **declined**
- 13% of wells **increased**
- Some of the county was in a D0 drought in late July for approximately 2 weeks
- 1 well recorded an all time high reading
- On average, wells were 3.42' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



## CUMING COUNTY

-19 Wells measured

-Water levels **decreased** an average of 0.80'

-74% of wells **declined**

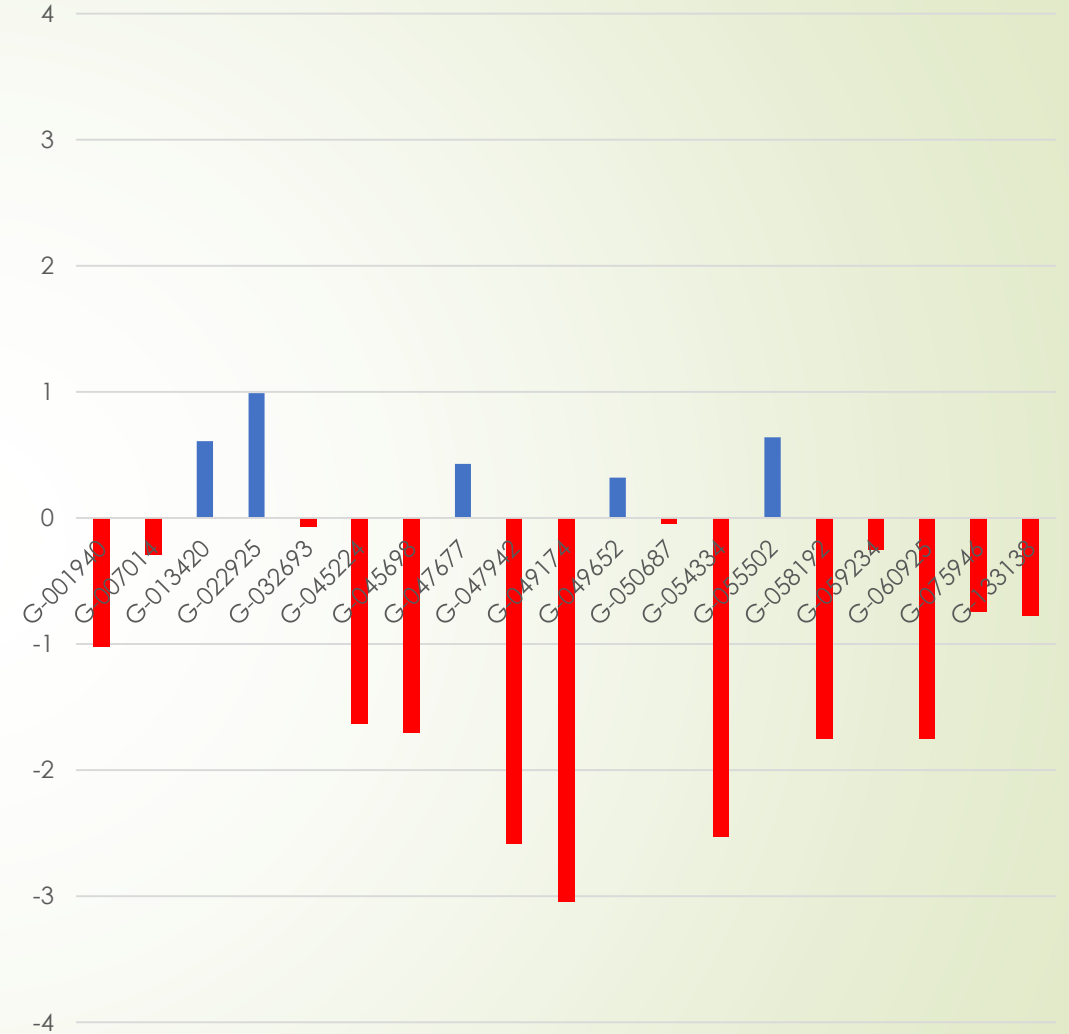
-26% of wells **increased**

-From late July through mid-September much/all of the county was in a D0 drought

-3 wells recorded all time high readings

-On average, wells were 6.67' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020





## DIXON COUNTY

-8 Wells measured

-Water levels **decreased** an average of 0.18'

-50% of wells **declined**

-50% of wells **increased**

-2 wells recorded all time high readings

-On average, wells were 3.46' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



## Change from 2019 to 2020

### DODGE COUNTY

-28 Wells measured

-Water levels **decreased** an average of 0.02'

-50% of wells **declined**

-50% of wells **increased**

-6 wells recorded all time high readings

-On average, wells were 3.40' **above** historical median



## KNOX COUNTY

-5 Wells measured

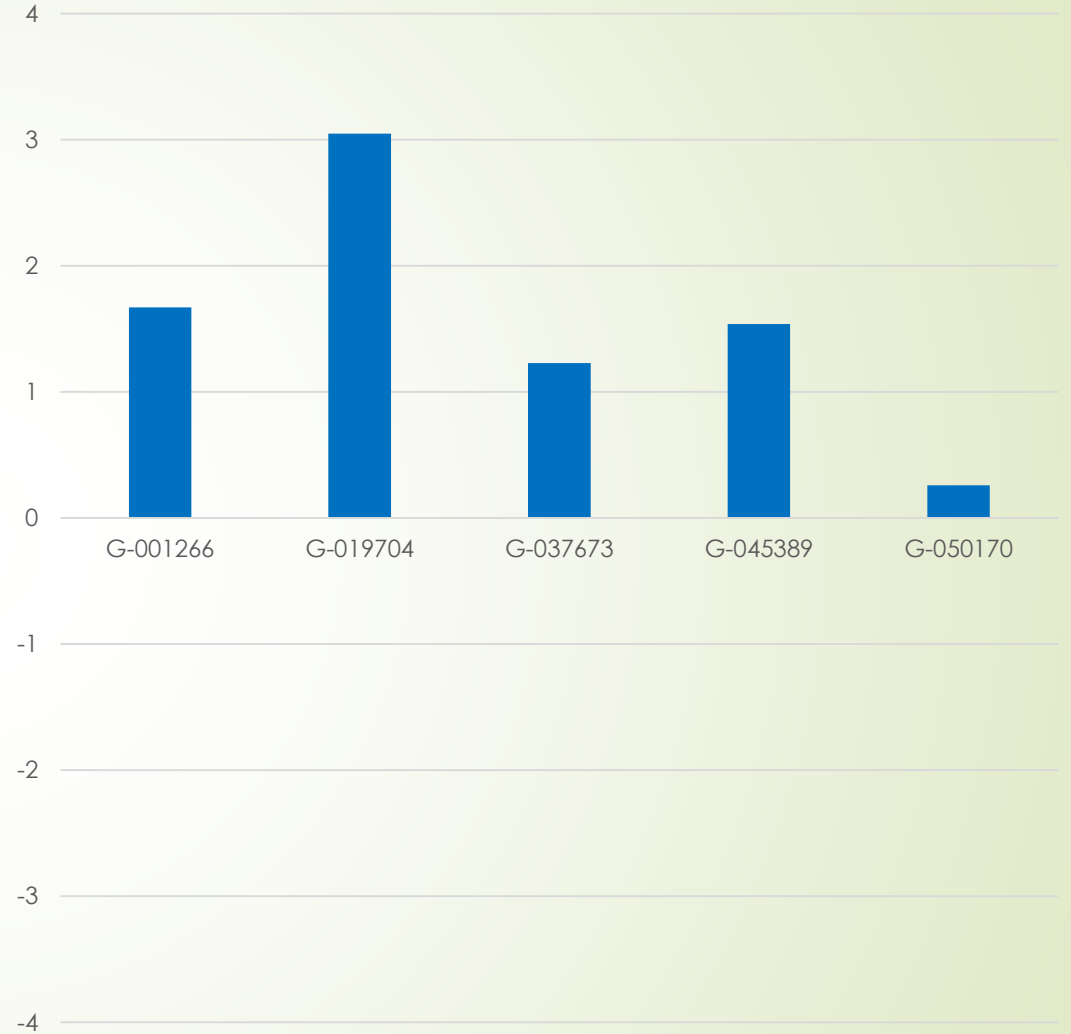
-Water levels **increased** an average of 1.55'

-100% of wells **increased**

-3 wells recorded all time high readings

-On average, wells were 4.40' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



## MADISON COUNTY

-31 Wells measured

-Water levels **increased** an average of 0.38'

-25% of wells **declined**

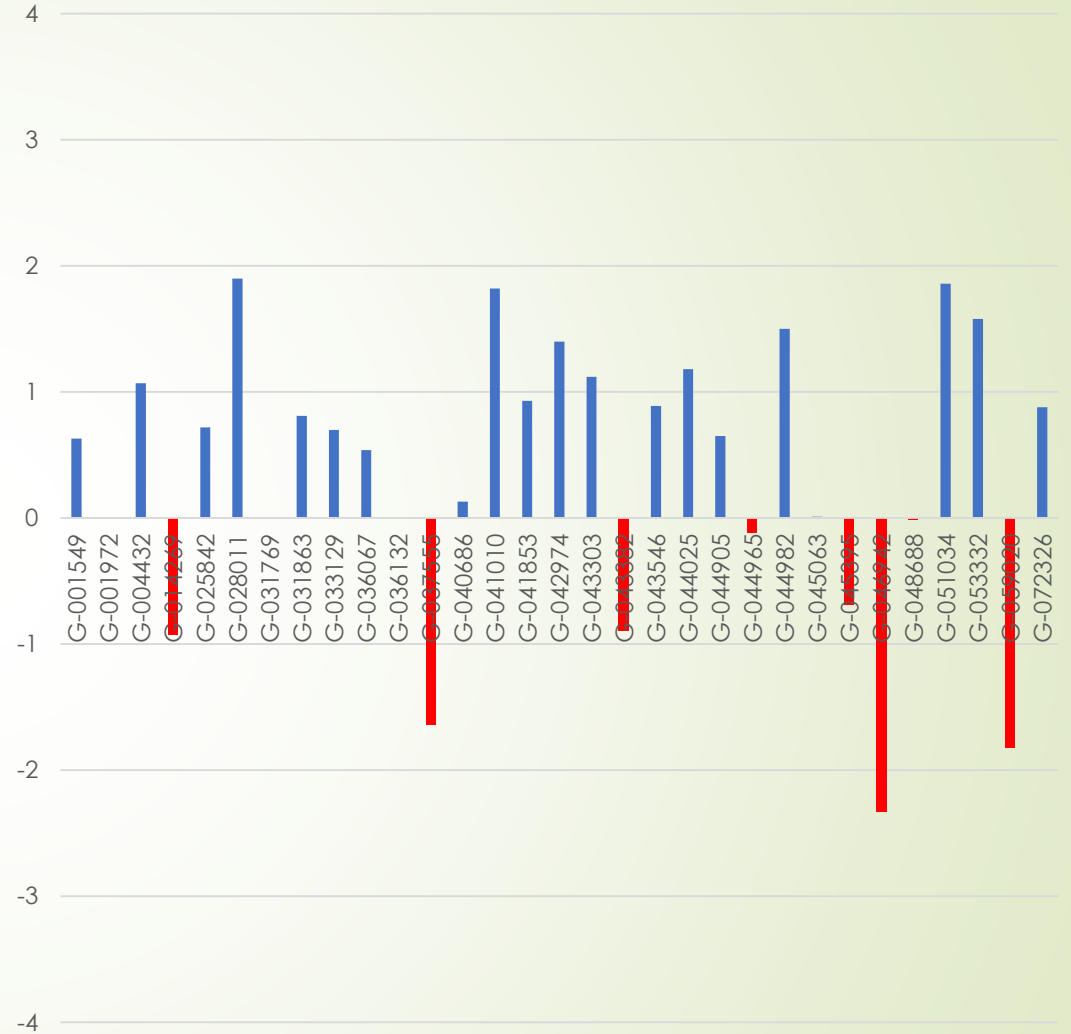
-65% of wells **increased**

-10% of wells remained same (flowing)

-17 wells recorded all time high readings, 2 wells (flowing) matched high

-On average, wells were 5.63' **above** historical median

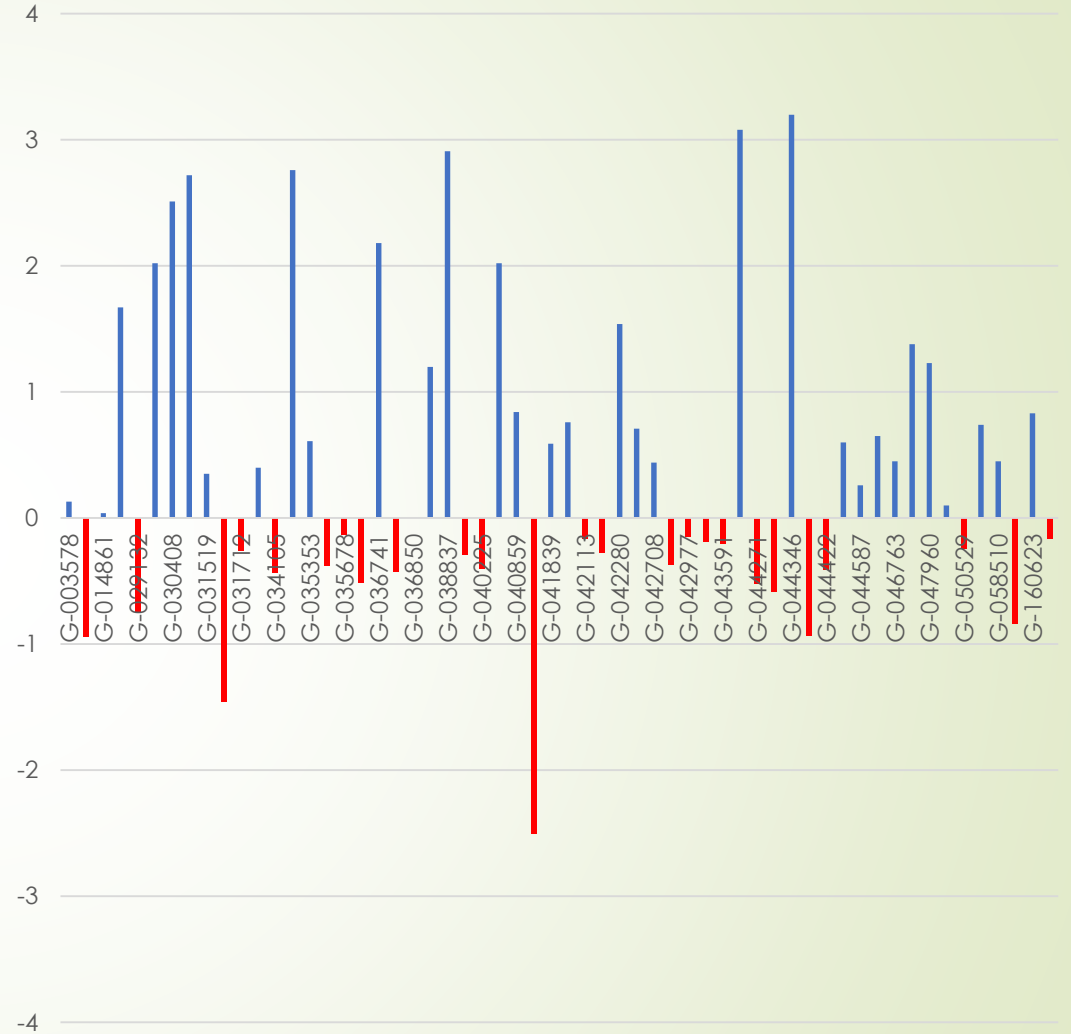
Change from 2019 to 2020



## PIERCE COUNTY

- 58 Wells measured
- Water levels **increased** an average of 0.45'
- 43% of wells **declined**
- 55% of wells **increased**
- 2% of wells remained same
- 31 wells recorded all time high readings
- On average, wells were 5.32' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



## PLATTE COUNTY

-6 Wells measured

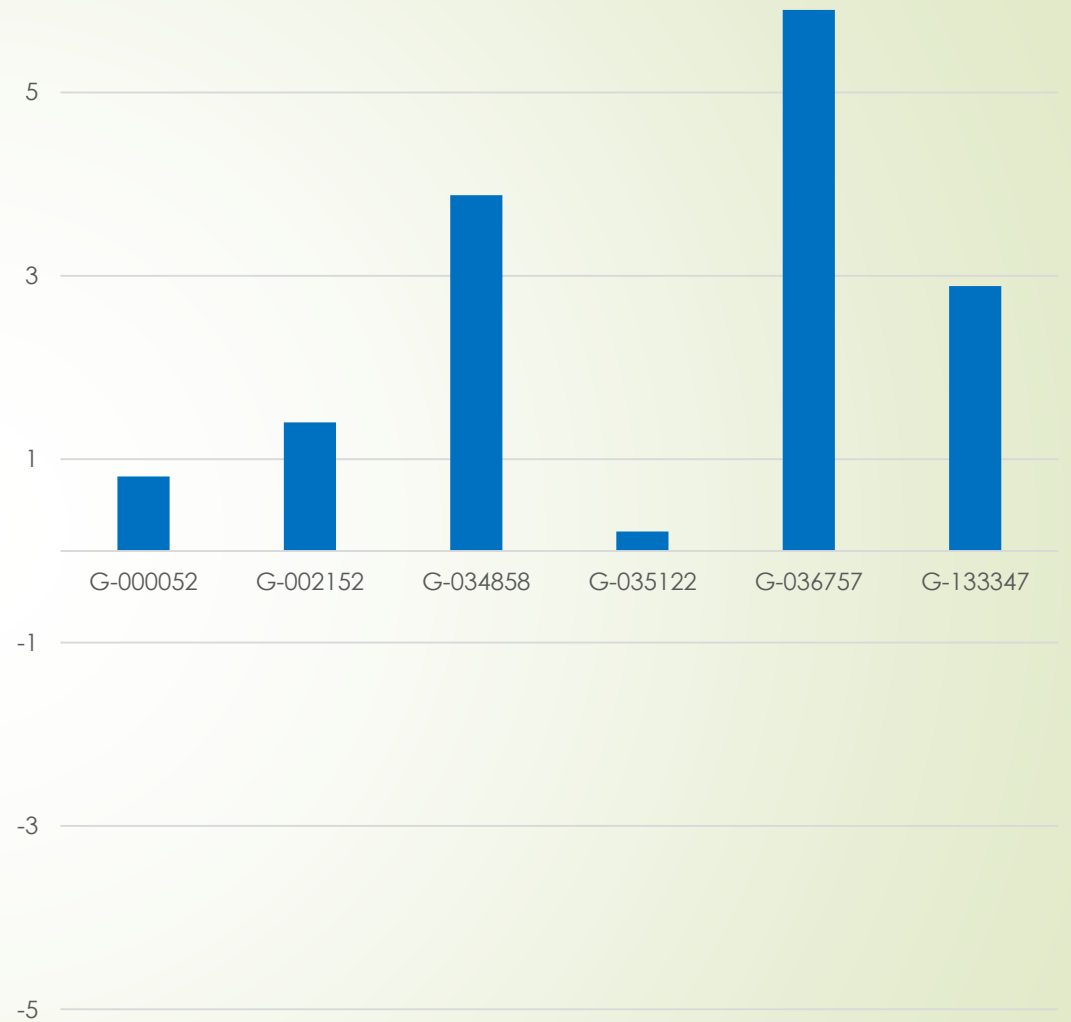
-Water levels **increased** an average of 2.51'

--100% of wells **increased**

-5 well recorded all time high readings

-On average, wells were 10.43' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



## STANTON COUNTY

-16 Wells measured

-Water levels **decreased** an average of 0.24'

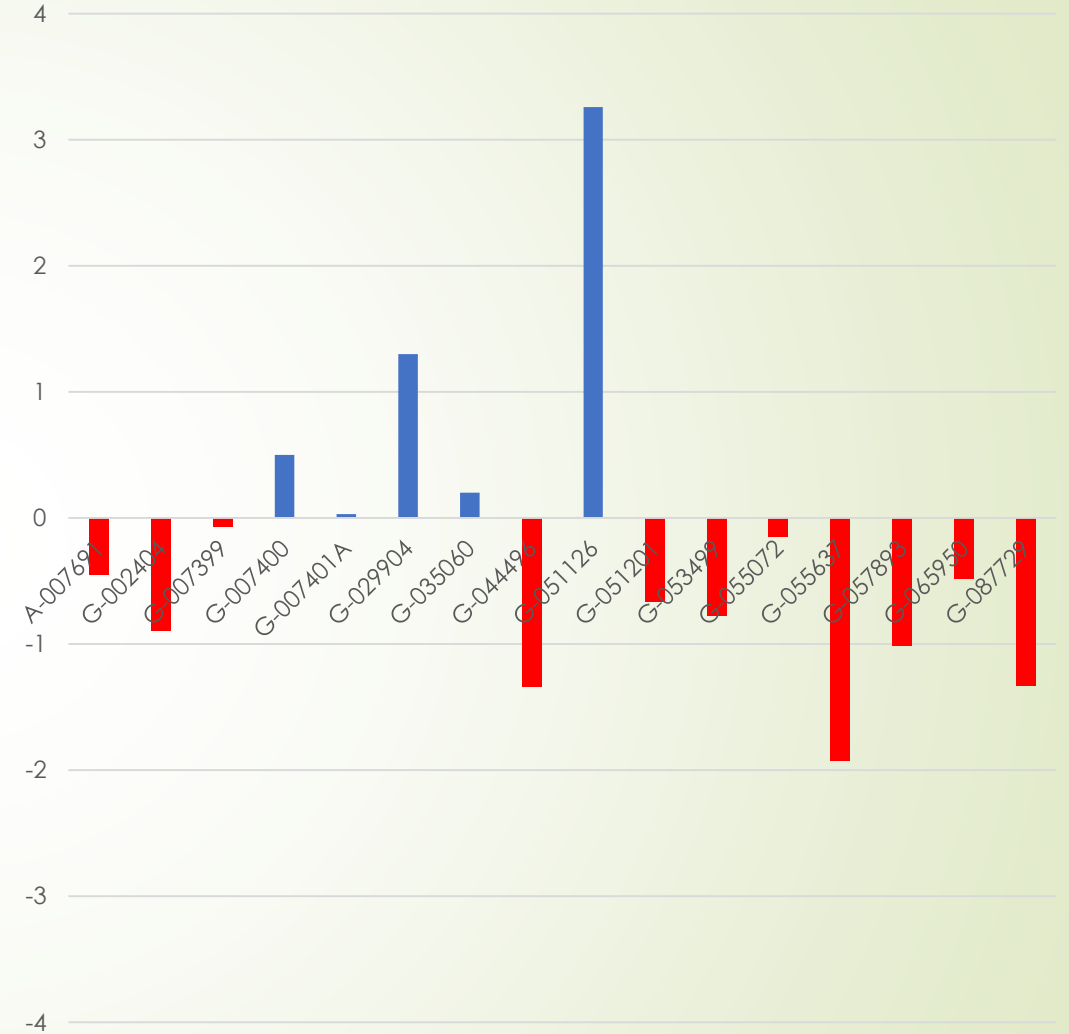
-69% of wells **declined**

-31% of wells **increased**

-3 wells recorded all time high readings

-On average, wells were 2.46' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



## THURSTON COUNTY

-6 Wells measured

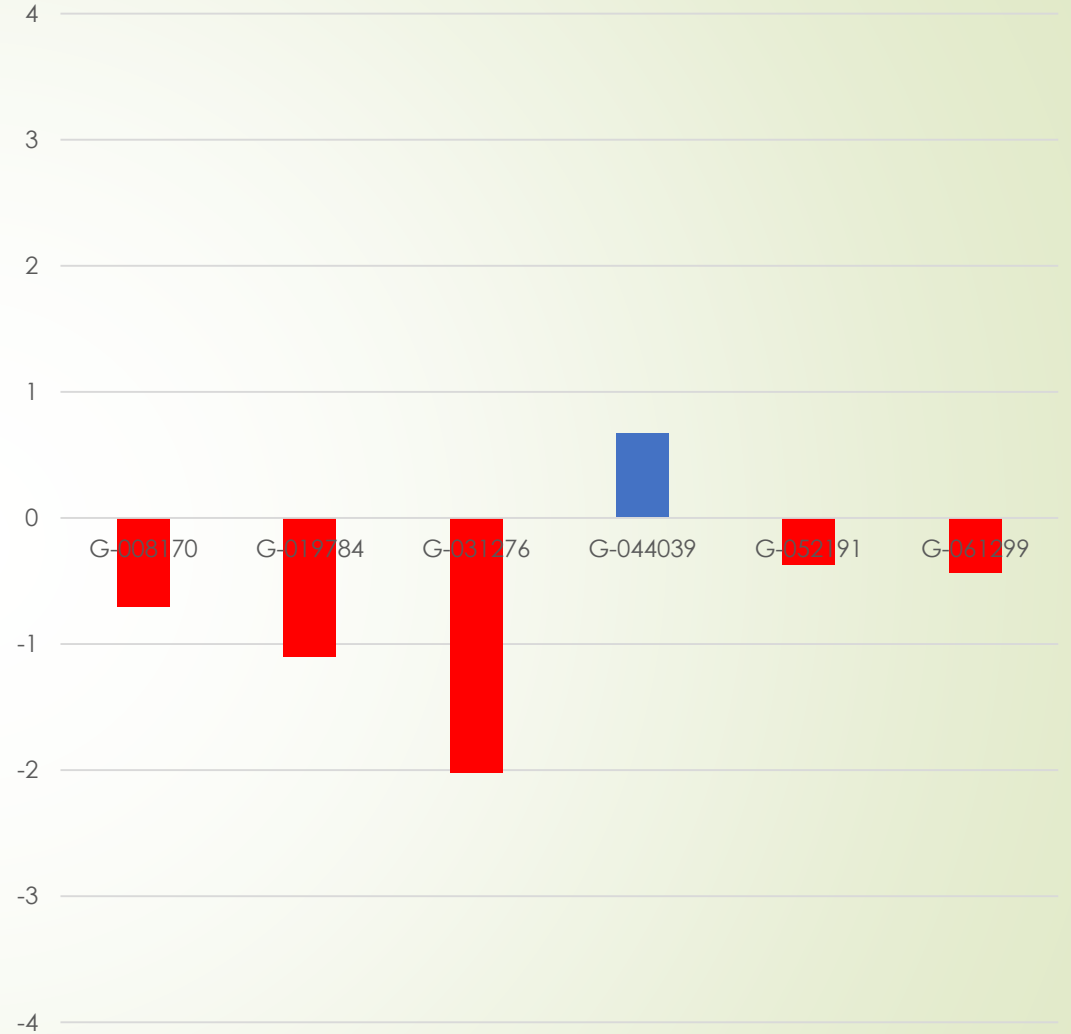
-Water levels **decreased** an average of 0.66'

-83% of wells **declined**

-17% of wells **increased**

-On average, wells were 3.32' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020





## WAYNE COUNTY

-19 Wells measured

-Water levels **decreased** an average of 0.07'

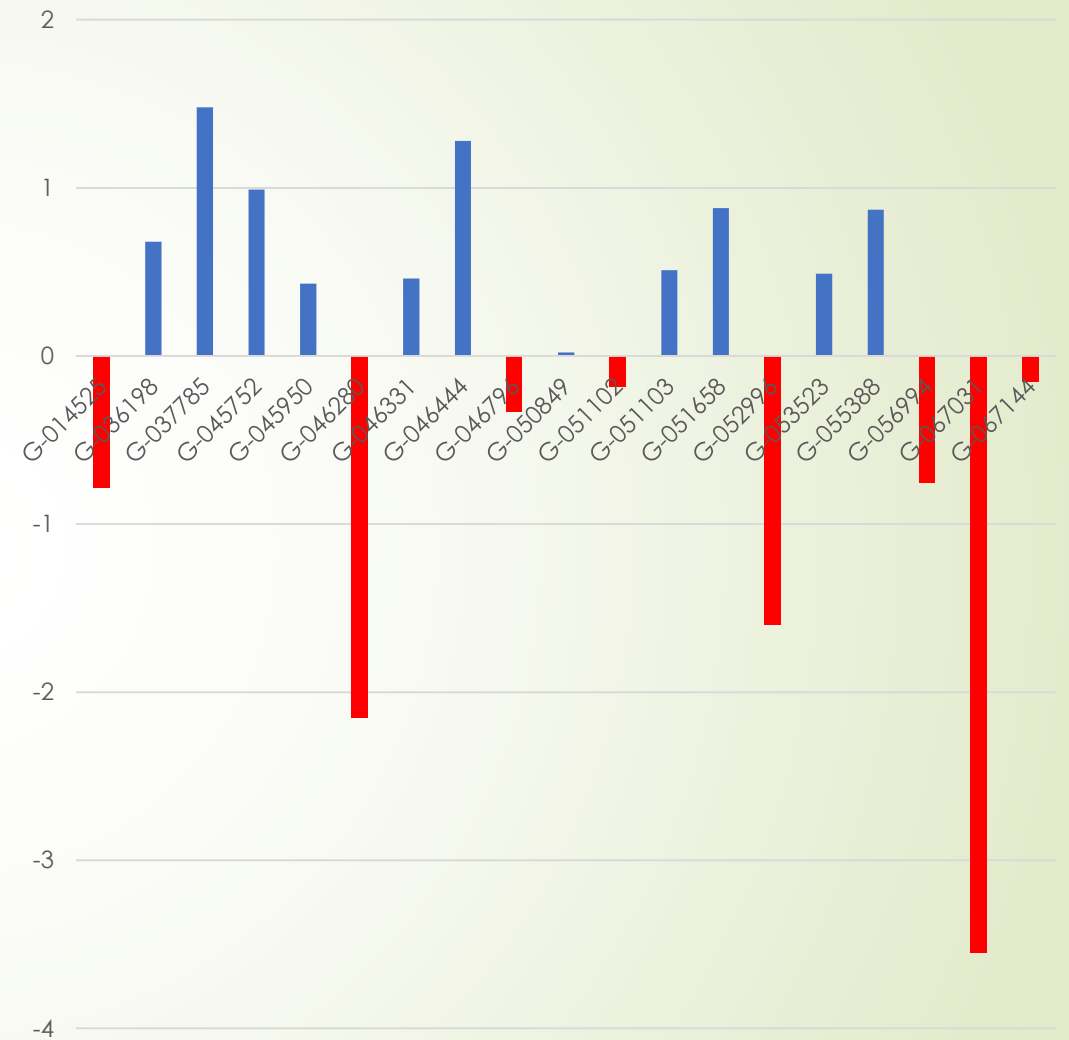
-42% of wells **declined**

-58% of wells **increased**

-6 wells recorded all time high readings

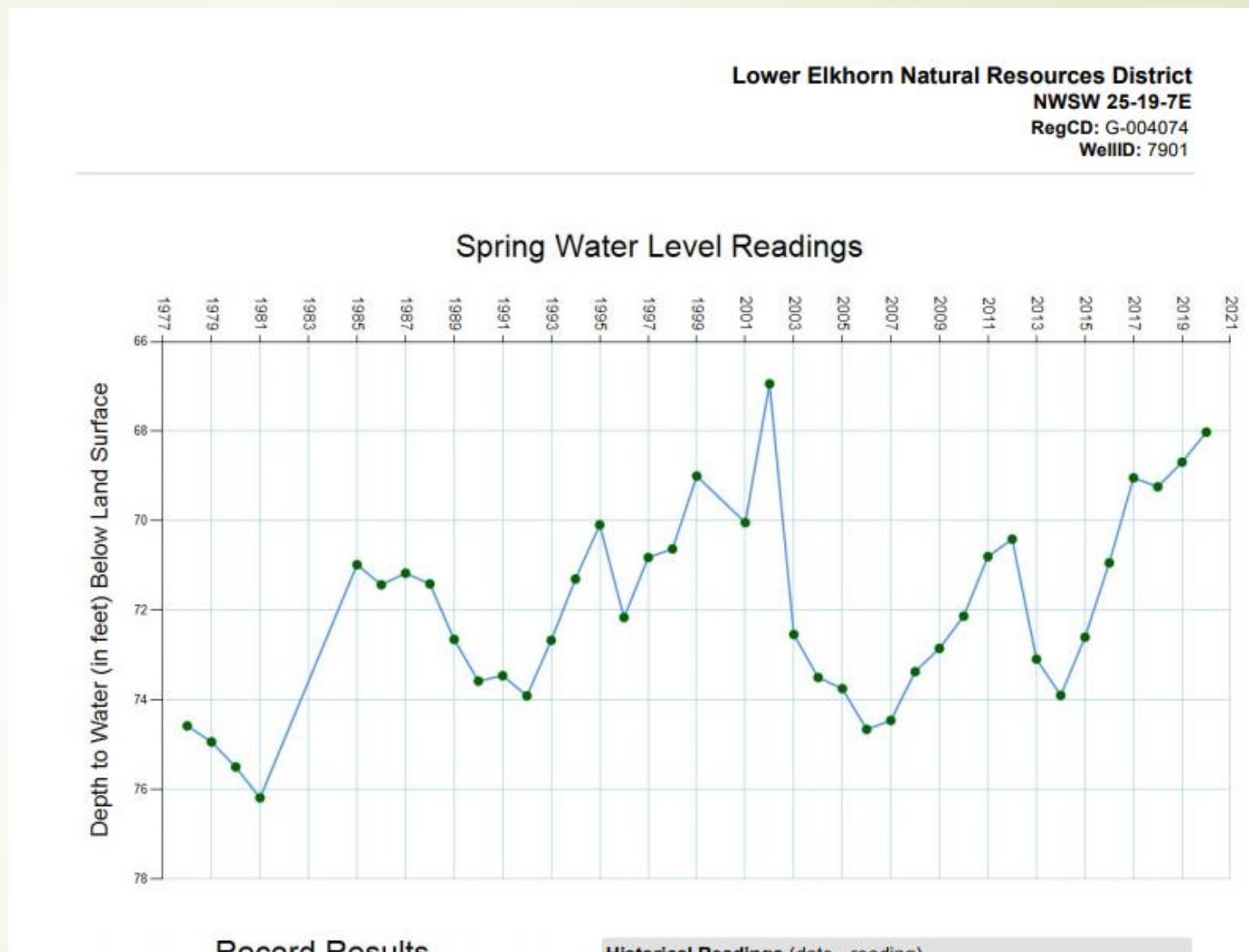
-On average, wells were 4.22' **above** historical median

Change from 2019 to 2020



# 2020 SWL READINGS

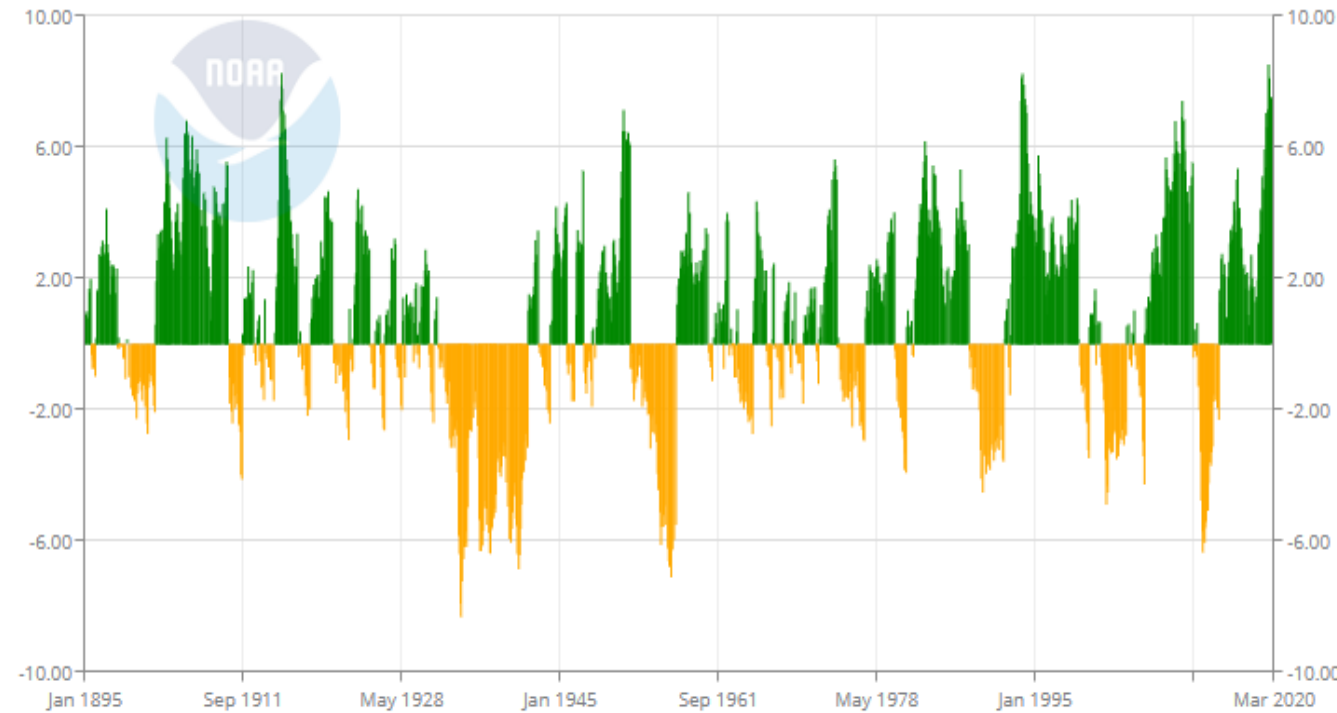
- ▶ Many wells have been measured mid-70's
- ▶ Water levels are highly variable
- ▶ Ranges of historic highs and historic lows can be up to 40-50' in some areas.
- ▶ 43 wells have varied >20'
- ▶ 114 wells have varied 10'-20'
- ▶ 77 wells have varied 0'-10'
- ▶ \*2 wells excluded because of limited data



# 2020 SPRING STATIC WATER LEVELS

- The **Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI)** uses readily available temperature and precipitation data to estimate relative dryness. It is a standardized index that generally spans -10 (dry) to +10 (wet). There are limitations to the Index, but it is generally recognized as one of the best. The Index is used by NOAA, and is used for calculations in the U.S. Drought Monitor
- The included graph starts in 1895, and runs through March 2020: ~1500 total monthly data points. Please be aware, this is a monthly snapshot of the entire State of Nebraska, regional areas may vary
- All 12 months of 2020 were within the top 125 "wettest" months ever according to the PDSI
- SWL's recorded in 2020 reflected the ongoing recent weather
- Weather patterns and groundwater levels in Nebraska are a roller coaster!!

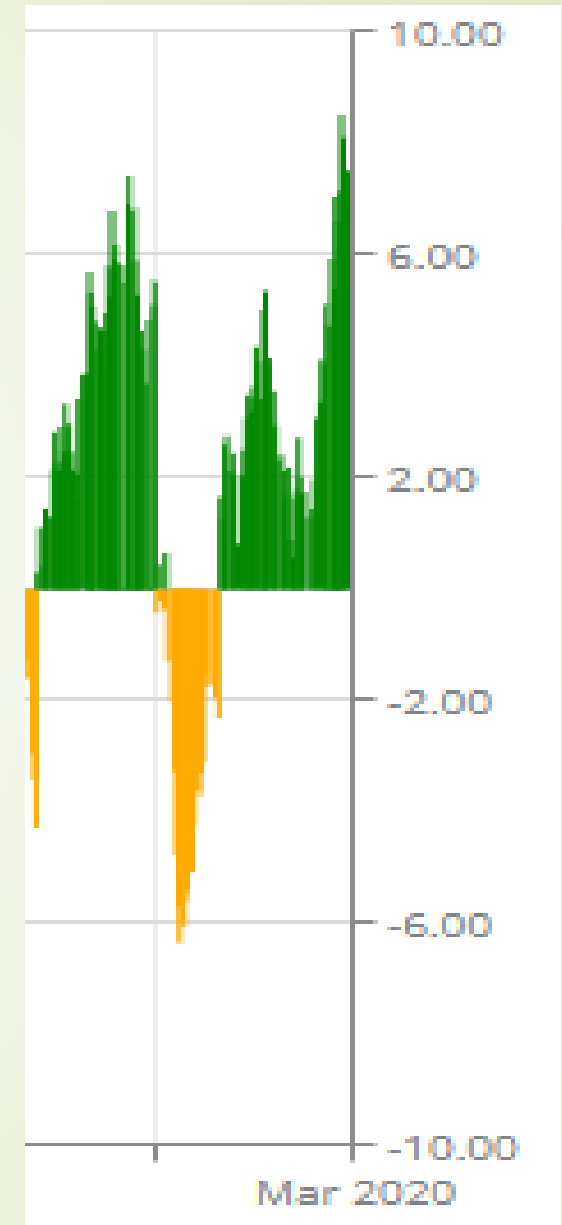
Nebraska Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI)



## 2020 LENRD SPRING STATIC WATER LEVELS

### How quick can things change???

- ▶ Spring water levels in April 2012, looked great! Then.....
- ▶ At that time, the LENRD still did fall readings in September & October
- ▶ On average, water levels fell almost 9' across the district in those 5-6 months
- ▶ 22 SWL wells across the District dropped >20' during these months
- ▶ 223 SWL wells are still in the rotation from 2012. Of those, 100 had what would have been their lowest ever reading in fall of 2012 during the severe, yet relatively short drought.





QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS?